







2010

Recommended Immunizations for Babies

 at birth	HepB	
 2 months	HepB + DTaP + PCV + Hib + Polio + Rota 1-2 mos	
 4 months	DTaP + PCV + Hib + Polio + Rota	
 6 months	HepB + DTaP + PCV + Hib + Polio + Rota 6-18 mos*	(Influenza) 6-59 mos/seasonal**
 12 months	MMR + PCV + Hib + Varicella + HepA 12-15 mos* 12-15 mos* 12-15 mos* 12-15 mos* 12-23 mos*	(Influenza) 6-59 mos/seasonal**
 15 months	DTaP 15-18 mos*	(Influenza) 6-59 mos/seasonal**

Vaccine Descriptions:

HepB: protects against hepatitis B

DTaP: a combined vaccine that protects against diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis (whooping cough)

Hib: protects against *Haemophilus influenzae* Type b

PCV: protects against pneumococcal disease

Polio: protects against polio, the vaccine is also known as IPV

Rota: protects against infections caused by the Rotavirus

Influenza: protects against influenza (flu)

MMR: protects against measles, mumps, and rubella (German measles)

Varicella: protects against varicella, also known as chickenpox

HepA: protects against hepatitis A

NOTE: If your children miss a shot, you don't need to start over, just go back to your doctor for the next shot. The doctor will help you keep your children up-to-date on his or her vaccinations.

* This is the age range in which this vaccine should be given.

** Influenza is a seasonal vaccine. All children between the ages of 6 and 59 months should receive vaccination during the influenza season each year. If this is the first time for flu vaccine, a child should receive two doses, separated by at least 4 weeks. If a child only receives one dose in the first season, he/she should receive two doses the next season.